

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/824,706	04/04/2001	Yatin R. Acharya	95-391	1771
20736 7	590 04/20/2005		EXAMINER	
MANELLI DENISON & SELTER 2000 M STREET NW SUITE 700			KNOLL, CLIFFORD H	
	N, DC 20036-3307		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	PAPER NUMBER
			2112	
			DATE MAILED: 04/20/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments		09/824,706	ACHARYA ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Clifford H. Knoll	2112				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicator Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 3i SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may ation. 195, a reply within the statutory minimum of try period will apply and will expire SIX (6) M by statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>01 February 2005</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)[This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the apple 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are vectorial claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	vithdrawn from consideration.					
Applicat	on Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	xaminer.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 January 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection		` '				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachmen	r(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	v Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔲 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-s nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC · No(s)/Mail Date		o(s)/Mail Date´. f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

This Office Action is responsive to communication filed 2/1/05. Currently claims 1-13 are pending.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fung (US 6243778) in view of common serial packet interface standards, as evidenced by Aguilar (US 6199137).

Regarding claim 1, Fung discloses storing in a table at the end of each access cycle by a retransmission manager entries identifying respective packets having been transmitted during the corresponding access cycle according to a service protocol requiring an acknowledgement receipt within a prescribed time interval (e.g., col.10, lines 66-67), resetting an acknowledgement waiting bit for a selected one of the entries by an acknowledgement manager (e.g., col.11, lines 9-12), and transferring the entries having a determined absence of the reset stored acknowledgement waiting bit upon expiration of the prescribed time interval to a transmit queue for retransmission (e.g., col.11, lines 4-5). Fung discloses the use of his system for serial packet protocols (e.g., col. 1, lines 48-50, 52-54, col. 3, lines 1-9, 15-29, claim 1) but fails to expressly mention the Infiniband as a particular serial packet bus; however, the availability of Infiniband as

Art Unit: 2112

a serial bus is well established as, for example, evidenced by Aguilar, who discloses the instance of Infiniband as a particular serial bus protocol. It would be obvious to combine Infiniband protocol to Fung's serial packet protocol invention because of the clear advantages of using a widely adopted serial packet bus interface standard in practicing an invention directed to a serial packet bus interface. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the Infiniband protocol to Fung's serial packet bus interface invention to obtain the claimed invention.

Regarding claim 2, Fung also discloses counting during each access cycle a number of the packets having been transmitted during the corresponding access cycle (col.11, lines 6-8).

Regarding claim 3, Fung further discloses accessing the entry for the first of the packets transmitted during an access cycle having passed the expiration of the prescribed time interval and determining whether the accessed entry includes a reset acknowledgement waiting bit (e.g., col.11, lines 3-5).

Regarding claim 4, Fung still further discloses transferring the accessed entry and selected subsequent entries based on the counted number stored in the accessed entry to the transmit queue, independent of whether the selected subsequent entries have respective reset acknowledgement waiting bits (e.g., col.11, lines 52-64).

Regarding claim 5, Fung still further discloses deleting entries having passed beyond the expiration of the prescribed time interval (e.g., col.17, lines 41-50).

Regarding claim 6, Fung further discloses identifying entries for transfer based on the counted number stored in the entry (e.g., col.11, lines 4-5).

Art Unit: 2112

Regarding claim 7, Fung also discloses wherein each access cycle is defined by a prescribed number of clock cycles (e.g., col.10, lines 66-67).

Regarding claim 8, Fung discloses a table configured for storing entries identifying respective packets having been transmitted according to a service protocol requiring an acknowledgement message receipt within a prescribed time interval and an acknowledgement waiting bit (e.g., col.11, lines 9-12), a transmit queue (e.g., col.10, lines 63-65), an acknowledgement manager configured for resetting the acknowledgement waiting bit for a selected one of the entries (e.g., col.11, lines 4-5), the retransmission manager configured for storing in the table at the end of each access cycle the entries identifying the respective packets having been transmitted during the corresponding access cycle, and transferring the entries having a determined absence of the reset acknowledgement bit upon expiration of the prescribed time interval from the table to the transmit queue (e.g., col.17, lines 41-50). Fung discloses the use of his system for serial packet protocols (e.g., col. 1, lines 48-50, 52-54, col. 3, lines 1-9, 15-29, claim 1) but fails to expressly mention the Infiniband as a particular serial packet bus; however, the availability of Infiniband as a serial bus is well established as, for example, evidenced by Aguilar, who discloses the instance of Infiniband as a particular serial bus protocol. It would be obvious to combine Infiniband protocol to Fung's serial packet protocol invention because of the clear advantages of using a widely adopted serial packet bus interface standard in practicing an invention directed to a serial packet bus interface. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to

Art Unit: 2112

combine the Infiniband protocol to Fung's serial packet bus interface invention to obtain the claimed invention.

Regarding claim 9, Fung also discloses comprising a counter configured for counting during each access cycle a number of the packets having been transmitted during the corresponding access cycle according to the service protocol (e.g., col.11, lines 4-5), inserting the counted number into a number of packets field within the entry corresponding to a first of the packets transmitted during the corresponding access cycle (e.g., col.11, lines 6-14).

Regarding claim 10, Fung also discloses accessing the entry for the first of the packets having been transmitted during an access cycle having passed the expiration of the prescribed interval, the retransmission manager transferring the accessed entry and selected subsequent entries based on the counted number stored in the accessed entry and identifying that the corresponding acknowledgement waiting bit has not been reset (e.g., col.11, lines 1-12).

Regarding claims 11 and 12, Fung also discloses the storing into the table after the defined prescribed number of clock cycles (e.g., col. 14, lines 35-39, "delay").

Regarding claim 13, Fung discloses the adapter integrated as an application specific integrated circuit (e.g., col. 10, lines 66-67).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/1/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Art Unit: 2112

Applicant argues that Fung fails to disclose the "claimed storage of entries identifying respective packets" (p. 8), and notes that Fung "stores TMC blocks on a pertransaction basis, where each transaction may include a plurality of data packets" (p. 8). However, this feature of Fung does not distinguish Fung from the claimed feature. The TMC block has data entries and Fung uses these entries to identify respective packets: this must clearly be the case because the Transaction Interface 210 which manages the TMC blocks is responsible to break data specified by the TMC into several packets when it initiates a transaction. As the Applicant notes, "if the amount of data... is large, it may be broken down into several packets.... Each packet is prepared and then sent along the bus" (col. 10, lines 47-50). Fung then teaches, "[i]t may take multiple transactions to complete a non-time critical TMC block request" (col. 10, lines 61-63). Therefore the Examiner finds that entries (in the TMC) are used by the interface in "identifying respective packets" as claimed. If the Applicant intends that the entries enjoy a particular correspondence with the packets, this distinction is not supported in the claims.

Applicant further argues that Fung "does not disclose retransmission of entries identifying respective packets; rather, Fung et al. describes retransmission of the entire transaction that is composed of multiple packets" (p. 9). However, the Examiner finds that any breakdown of the data into partitions constitutes packets, even if those packets themselves may themselves may have subpackets. In Fung, the partition is signified by the "grp" bit: "This bit indicates whether the particular TMC block is linked in a group with other TMC blocks" (col. 11, lines30-31) and as to its use, "it is the responsibility of

the requesting task to format multiple TMC blocks, one TMC block for each page table segment. If the data contained within the page table segments is grouped, the requesting task will set the "grp" bit, word 7, bit 7 to 1, to indicate to the Transaction Interface 210 that the data in the separate TMC blocks is linked" (col. 17, lines 11-17). Because of this partitioning of data, Examiner finds that each transaction is a selected entry and, as Applicant notes Fung "describes the retransmission of the entire transaction". Whether, as the Applicant further notes, this transaction "is composed of multiple packets" (p. 9) is not pertinent.

Applicant further argues that Fung "teaches retransmitting the entire transaction which would include packets for which a reply already has been received". Applicant relies on Fung's teaching that the interface "will attempt to send the data again" (col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 5, as quoted by Applicant, p. 9). It is not clear that Fung teaches retransmitting the entire transaction; however, the issue is not pertinent to the interpretation of Fung used to reject the claims, where the entire transaction is itself a data partition and hence considered a packet, as detailed supra.

Applicant further argues that "associating a hardware timer with each transaction" is imprecise and fails to address the explicit claim limitations that require each and every packet to have a corresponding entry" (p. 10). However the claims do not contain this language explicitly. The claims recite "entries identifying respective packets" and "a waiting bit for a selected one of the entries"; thus the limitations do not require each and every packet to have a corresponding entry. Regardless, as treated supra, the Examiner finds that the Fung's TMC transactions, which partition the data,

teach the further limitations of "resetting an acknowledgement waiting bit..." and "transferring the entries..." as cited passages and treatment supra hopefully make clear.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Clifford H. Knoll whose telephone number is 571-272-3636. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 0630-1500.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark H. Rinehart can be reached on 571-272-3632. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

chk